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this matter pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331, 1367 and 1338 in that one of the causes of action arises under the United States Copyright Act, 17 U.S.C. §§101 et seq.

- In order to promote and generate publicity for its fledgling cable 2. television network, defendants Sí TV, Inc., and SCN (Sí TV) Enterprises, LLC (collectively "Sí TV") have stolen Plaintiffs' idea for an original comedy television show and deliberately infringed the copyright in the initial pilot for that show produced by Plaintiffs. Defendants Moctesuma Esparza and Maya Pictures, LLC (collectively the "Esparza Parties") for their part have stolen Plaintiffs' idea and copyrighted program to further Esparza's own stalled career and generate publicity for Esparza as a successful producer of comedy television. Plaintiffs have been left to watch as Sí TV and the Esparza Parties promote a complete ripoff of Plaintiffs' show as if it were their own.
- Plaintiffs are aspiring producers, writers and directors of comedy 3. television programs and feature films. Plaintiffs conceived of an idea for a halfhour comedy program featuring B-grade, campy Mexican movies edited down to a half hour program with new dialog and score dubbed in. Plaintiffs' idea was entitled "I Can't Believe It's Cinema" (the "Series"). Plaintiffs produced a pilot episode of the series entitled Goodbye Egghole.
- In mid 2002, Esparza agreed to help Plaintiffs find funding to 4. produce their show and an outlet to broadcast it. Esparza then put Plaintiffs into contact with Sí TV. In mid-2003, Plaintiffs screened Goodbye Egghole for Sí TV executives, including Jeff Valdez. Plaintiffs provided Sí TV with written materials listing Plaintiffs as producers, creators and copyright owners.

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- After viewing the pilot, Sí TV expressed significant interest in licensing the Series. In late 2003, Plaintiffs had a meeting with Esparza and Sí TV to further discuss the possibility of Sí TV acquiring rights in the Series. During this meeting, Plaintiff Gomez then informed Valdez that Plaintiffs were the owners of the Series and the copyright in Goodbye Egghole and that they would need to approve and accept any license agreement for the property.
- Shortly thereafter, Esparza forwarded to Plaintiffs a portion of a contract he was entering into with Si TV. In this portion of Esparza's contract, Si TV purported to license the right to produce and broadcast the Series from Esparza. Plaintiffs immediately contacted Esparza told him he had no right to license the Series and that he had no ownership interest in it. Esparza subsequently acknowledged Plaintiffs' ownership of the Series. Plaintiffs then rejected the Sí TV deal in early 2004.
- Nevertheless, throughout the spring of 2004, Sí TV shamelessly 7. promoted its ownership of the Series. In fact, Sí TV went so far as to show the Goodbye Egghole pilot in promoting its fledgling network to potential advertisers and investors. By virtue of this unauthorized use of Goodbye Egghole and the blatantly false representations that it owned the rights to the Series, Sí TV generated millions of dollars in investment and advertising revenue.
- In June 2004, Plaintiffs demanded that Si TV cease and desist of any 8. use of Goodbye Egghole or the Series. Sí TV responded a few weeks later, stating that it would not use any of Plaintiffs' properties any further. Unfortunately, that was not true.

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- In January 2005, Sí TV announced that it was going to debut a new 9. original program entitled "Circumsized Cinema" on February 25, 2005. That program is described by Si TV as follows: "The show takes original films culled from the library of Mexico's most prolific B-movie masters and cuts them down to 22-minute mini-movies with a totally new plot." The Esparza Parties are purported to be the creator and producer of this new show, which Sí TV advertises as its first original scripted program. All of Sí TV's subsequent publicity materials have prominently featured "Circumsized Cinema."
- Not only did Sí TV and the Esparza Parties steal the concept of the 10. Series to create their new program, they even instructed their writers and producers to watch the Goodbye Egghole pilot to make sure they understood the concept correctly and would produce substantially similar programs.
- By virtue of the foregoing, Sí TV and Esparza have deliberately and 11. intentionally stolen an extremely valuable property from Plaintiffs. Moreover, by widely advertising their purported ownership of both "I Can't Believe It's Cinema" and the rip off "Circumsized Cinema," defendants have destroyed Plaintiffs' ability to shop their ideas elsewhere. By this lawsuit, Plaintiffs seek just and proper compensation for what is rightfully theirs, to force defendants to disgorge any profits or benefits obtained by their egregious misconduct and to force Sí TV and Esparza to properly credit Plaintiffs and not Esparza as the creator of "Circumsized Cinema."

1900 Avenue of the Stars, 21st Floor

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### THE PARTIES

12. Plaintiff John Gregory Gomez is an individual residing in Los Angeles County, California. Gomez is in the business of developing and selling entertainment properties.

13. Plaintiff Ron Tafoya is an individual residing in Lake County, California. Tafoya is a self-employed real estate agent and also develops and sells entertainment properties.

- 14. Plaintiff Jose "JoJo" Henrickson is an individual residing in Los Angeles County, California. Henrickson is an actor and writer, director and producer of entertainment properties.
- 15. Defendant Moctesuma Esparza is a producer of feature films and television programs. Esparza's credits include *Selena*, *The Milagro Beanfiled War* and others. Esparza resides in the County of Los Angeles, California.
- 16. Defendant Maya Pictures, LLC ("Maya") is a California Limited Liability Company with its principal place of business in Los Angeles County. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon acknowledges that Maya is wholly owned by Esparza and was created specifically to own and produce Circumsized Cinema.
- 17. Defendant Sí TV, Inc. is a Delaware corporation with its principal place of business in Los Angeles County, California. Sí TV, Inc. is a cable television network specializing in English-language programming targeting at young Latinos.

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- Defendant SCN (Sí TV) Enterprises, LLC is a Delaware limited 18. liability company with its principal place of business in Los Angeles, California.
- Plaintiffs are informed and believe, and thereon allege, that at all 19. times herein mentioned each of the defendants was the agent and employee of the other defendants, and was at all times herein mentioned acting within the scope of such agency and employment.
- Plaintiffs are informed and believe, and thereon allege, that Maya is 20. the alter ego of Esparza, and that Esparza operates Maya as a conduit for his unlawful gain, as further alleged herein, such that it would be equitable to hold both Esparza and Maya liable for all damages incurred by Plaintiffs and would be inequitable to allow Esparza to escape personal liability because of the corporate entity he formed. Moreover, insofar as Maya was established by Esparza for the purpose of committing copyright infringement, breach of contract and breach of fiduciary duties, it would be equitable to hold Maya liable for the acts and conduct of Esparza in committing those wrongs.

## VENUE AND JURISDICTION

- Venue in this Judicial District is proper under 28 U.S.C. § 1391 (b) 21. and (c) and 28 U.S.C. § 1400(a) as the defendants are all located in Los Angeles County and a substantial part of the acts and circumstances giving rise to this Complaint occurred in Los Angeles County.
- This Court has jurisdiction over this matter in that one of the causes 22. of action arises under the United States Copyright Act, 17 U.S.C. §§101 et seq.

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Jurisdiction is based upon 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338. Jurisdiction is proper for the remaining claims under 28 U.S.C. § 1367.

## ALLEGATIONS COMMON TO ALL CLAIMS

- In late 2001, plaintiff Gomez developed the idea for the Series. 23. Gomez then obtained a license from the owner of a number of suitable Mexican films to use those films in episodes of the Series. This license agreement was made between Gomez, doing business as Exploitista Productions, and Diamante Productions.
- Upon obtaining this license, Gomez approached plaintiffs Tafoya and 24. Henrickson with the possibility of producing a pilot episode of the show. Tafoya and Henrickson then proceeded to write a script and score for the pilot. Plaintiffs then hired actors to perform the roles in the pilot and produced the half-hour program.
- Plaintiffs' pilot, entitled Goodbye Egghole, featured a host named 25. "Freddie Los Freddies" who was trying to sell films in his catalog to film buyers. Freddie then shows the film "Goodbye Egghole" to the audience. During the episode, Freddie addresses the audience directly before, during and after the film. Goodbye Egghole is an edited version of a B-grade Mexican action movie entitled "Contrabanda en los Huevos" ("Contraband in the Eggs"). In Plaintiffs' pilot the plot of the film is changed to revolve around the eggs, Easter and the Easter Bunny. The effect is a humorous parody of the original film, within the larger parody of an entertainment industry executive peddling bad films.

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- In mid-2002, Gomez contacted Esparza to show him Goodbye 26. Egghole and seek his assistance in selling the idea to a production company or television network. Gomez indicated to Esparza that, if Esparza succeeded in selling the series, that he would, at most, be entitled to an equal one-quarter share of the producer fees earned on the project. Esparza several times requested a 50% ownership in the Series, but Gomez rejected that offer every time.
- Esparza then viewed Goodbye Egghole and suggested that it would 27. be perfect for Si TV, the new cable channel being developed by Jeff Valdez. Esparza represented that he had a relationship with Valdez and could get Plaintiffs in the door. Plaintiffs agreed to let Esparza try and sell Goodbye Egghole to Sí TV. However, Plaintiffs made two things clear: (1) the most Esparza would receive, were he successful, would be a producer fee, but no ownership of the Series; and (2) Esparza had no right to sell the series without Plaintiffs' advice and consent.
- In Mid-2003, Plaintiffs, with Esparza, presented the idea for the 28. Series to Jeff Valdez and others at Sí TV. During this meeting, Plaintiffs showed Goodbye Egghole and discussed the overall concept for the Series. Valdez expressed significant interest in acquiring the Series and commented that the show would fit well into Sí TV's programming lineup. At the end of the meeting, Plaintiffs left a copy of Goodbye Egghole and some written materials explaining the concept of the Series.
- Several months later, Gomez attended a meeting with Valdez, 29. Esparza and others from Sí TV to discuss licensing the Series. During this meeting, Valdez indicated that, notwithstanding all the indications on the written materials that had been left after the original presentation, he believed Esparza

owned the rights in the Series and Goodbye Egghole. Gomez explained to Valdez that Esparza was not an owner and the Plaintiffs were the rightful owners of the Series and its pilot episode. Moreover, Gomez told Valdez that Esparza had no right to license the Series or enter into any agreements on behalf of Plaintiffs. At that time, Esparza became heated and stormed out of the meeting.

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Shockingly, several weeks later, Esparza presented Plaintiffs with a 30. portion of a larger contract he was entering into with Sí TV which purported to license the Series. Rather than indicating that Plaintiffs were the owners of the Series, this portion of Esparza's contract falsely indicated that he was an owner and that Plaintiffs were simply creative talent.

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Plaintiffs immediately contacted Esparza and disputed his ability to 31. license the Series to anyone, including Sí TV. Plaintiffs reminded Esparza that he was not an owner, and was only entitled to a producer fee and credit if he assisted Plaintiffs in selling the Series. Moreover, Plaintiffs told Esparza that the proposed license fee was too low for the Series and that they would not sign the agreement.

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In mid- January 2004, Plaintiffs instructed Esparza to inform Sí TV 32. that he did not have the right to license the Series and that Plaintiffs were unwilling to accept the terms proposed. Several weeks later, Plaintiffs saw press releases from Sí TV claiming that its flagship show was going to be an original, scripted program entitled "I Can't Believe It's Cinema." Plaintiffs immediately contacted Esparza and again told him that he could not license the Series and that Sí TV had no rights to claim that it would produce or broadcast the Series. Esparza responded by acknowledging, in writing, Plaintiffs' ownership of the Series and stating that he would inform Si TV of the same.

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Plaintiffs shortly thereafter informed Sí TV directly that they would 33: not agree to the contract offered to Esparza and that Si TV had no rights in the Series.

- Plaintiffs are informed and believe and thereon allege that, from at 34. least February through June 2004, Sí TV falsely represented to potential advertisers and investors that it had acquired the rights in the Series and was going to produce episodes of the Series as its flagship show. Plaintiffs are further informed and believe and thereon allege that during this time, Sí TV regularly, and without authorization, exhibited Goodbye Egghole for potential advertisers and investors, as well as others.
- In the spring of 2004, Sí TV secured in excess of \$60 million in 35. investment capital in its network. EchoStar Communications, Time Warner, Inc., and others, invested millions of dollars into Sí TV based, at least in part, on the prospects of success for the Series and the quality of the Goodbye Egghole pilot.
- Plaintiffs learned of Sí TV's infringing uses of Plaintiffs' copyrighted 36. materials in late May 2004. On June 4, 2004, Plaintiffs demanded that Sí TV cease and desist using anything related to the Series or Goodbye Egghole. Sí TV responded by stating that it was investigating the matter and would cease using Plaintiffs' materials.
- Unfortunately, Sí TV apparently decided it was more valuable to 37. them to take Plaintiffs' ideas and copyrighted works for their own than to develop truly original programming. In January 2005, Sí TV announced the launch of its newest show - and the only show with an original script - "Circumsized Cinema." The description of "Circumsized Cinema" is virtually identical to the descriptions

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of the Series provided by Plaintiffs. Amazingly, Esparza was announced as the creator and producer of "Circumsized Cinema."

Plaintiffs are informed and believe, and thereon allege, that the 38. episodes of "Circumsized Cinema" are substantially similar to Goodbye Egghole. Plaintiffs are further informed and believe, and thereon allege, that "Circumsized Cinema" has stolen most of the central creative components of the Series. Specifically, the first episode of "Circumsized Cinema," entitled Fashion Five-0, copies many of the original elements of Goodbye Egghole, such as: (1) the unique and original editing style and pattern used to shorten the original film; (2) the protagonist police officer characters; (3) the host character; and (4) various pieces of dialogue and plot.

#### FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF

## By Plaintiffs Tafoya and Henrickson Against All Defendants for Copyright Infringement

- Plaintiffs reallege and incorporate herein by this reference paragraphs 39. 1 through 38 above as though fully set forth herein.
- In 2002, plaintiffs Tafoya and Henrickson registered the copyright in 40. the soundtrack, including dialog, to Goodbye Egghole with the United States Copyright Office. Tafoya and Henrickson also registered the copyright in all original creative elements of Goodbye Egghole with the United States Copyright Office with an effective date of May 2004. Tafoya and Henrickson have complied in all respects with the copyright laws of the United States, and all other laws governing copyright with respect to Goodbye Egghole.

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- Defendants have infringed Tafoya and Henrickson's copyrights in 41. Goodbye Egghole by, among other things, exhibiting Goodbye Egghole to third parties to generate investment and advertising revenue for their company and producing episodes of "Circumsized Cinema" which are substantially similar to Goodbye Egghole.
- Defendants wilfully and deliberately set out to exhibit and copy 42. Goodbye Egghole with the intent to benefit commercially from the originality and quality of the episode and the concept for the Series. Defendants have copied, exhibited and otherwise exploited Goodbye Egghole for their own commercial gain without permission, license or authorization from Tafoya or Henrickson.
- At no time have defendants, or any of them, been granted a license or 43. other authorization to copy Goodbye Egghole in creating episodes for their series, "Circumsized Cinema" or to exhibit Goodbye Egghole for defendants financial gain.
- Defendants' infringement of Goodbye Egghole has caused and will 44. cause irreparable harm to Tafoya and Henrickson for which there is no adequate remedy at law. Tafoya and Henrickson are therefore entitled to preliminary and permanent injunctive relief restraining and enjoining defendants from further infringing Tafoya and Henrickson's copyrights.
- Tafoya and Henrickson have suffered, and will continue to suffer, 45. damages as a result of defendants' infringement. Tafoya and Henrickson are informed and believe, and thereon allege that defendants have each generated significant revenue from their infringing activities and such revenue is required to be disgorged to Tafoya and Henrickson.

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- As an alternative to the recovery of damages, Tafoya and Henrickson 46. reserve their right to recover, if they so elect, statutory damages for each of the wilful acts of infringement committed by Defendants.
- Tafoya and Henrickson have and will incur attorneys' fees in 47. pursuing this action, which fees Tafoya and Henrickson are entitled to recover from defendants.

# SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF By Plaintiffs Against Esparza for Breach of Implied Contract

- Plaintiffs reallege and incorporate herein by this reference paragraphs 48. 1 through 38 above as though fully set forth herein.
- An implied in fact contract was created between Plaintiffs and 49. Esparza when Esparza agreed to assist Plaintiffs in finding a network to finance production of and exhibit the Series. Specifically, under the circumstances at the time Esparza agreed to help Plaintiffs, Gomez, on behalf of all the Plaintiffs, made clear to Esparza that Plaintiffs retained all the ownership in the Series and that Esparza would receive only a producer's fee for his services. Moreover, Gomez made clear to Esparza that Plaintiffs were entitled to money and credit if the Series was ever produced.
- Esparza breached the implied contract because, among other things, 50. he has: (1) taken the idea for the Series and proceeded to produce his own, nearly identical, version of the Series; (2) purported to sell the rights to the Series to Sí TV without consent of, or payment to, Plaintiffs; and (3) failed and refused to pay

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Plaintiffs their share of any compensation he has received for either the Series or his rip-off version.

- Plaintiffs have performed all of their obligations under the implied 51. contract, except as such obligations have been excused by Esparza's conduct or as a matter of law.
- Plaintiffs have been damaged by Esparza's breach of contract in a 52. sum which is not yet ascertained, but which Plaintiffs believe will exceed \$500,000. Plaintiffs' damages include, without limitation, lost producer's fees, lost writer's and director's fees, lost revenue from ancillary rights and the lost value of the producing and creating credit Plaintiffs would have received had the Series not been used without their consent.

# THIRD CLAIM FOR RELIEF By Plaintiffs Against the Sí TV Defendants for Breach of Implied Contract

- Plaintiffs reallege and incorporate herein by this reference paragraphs 53. 1 through 38 above as though fully set forth herein.
- An implied in fact contract was created between Plaintiffs and Sí TV 54. when Plaintiffs presented the concept of the Series and showed Goodbye Egghole to Jeff Valdez and other representatives at Si TV. Specifically, Gomez, on behalf of all the Plaintiffs, made clear to Valdez and the other Si TV representatives that Plaintiffs retained all the ownership in the Series and that they would not sell the Series, but instead intended to license it for television broadcast. Based on the circumstances surrounding the presentation of the Series and Goodbye Egghole, Sí

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TV understood and agreed that if it used Plaintiffs' concept for the Series in whole or in part, that Plaintiffs would be entitled to compensation and credit for that use.

- Sí TV has breached the implied contract because, among other things, 55. it has taken the idea for the Series and proceeded to produce its own, nearly identical, version of the Series without compensating Plaintiffs. Moreover, Sí TV has failed and refused to properly credit Plaintiffs as the creators of the Series.
- Plaintiffs have performed all of their obligations under the implied 56. contract, except as such obligations have been excused by Sí TV's conduct or as a matter of law.
- Plaintiffs have been damaged by Sí TV's breach of contract in a sum 57. which is not yet ascertained, but which Plaintiffs believe will exceed \$500,000. Plaintiffs' damages include, without limitation, lost producer's fees, lost writer's and director's fees, lost revenue from ancillary rights and the lost value of the producing and creating credit Plaintiffs would have received had the Series not been used without their consent.

## FOURTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF

## By Plaintiffs Against Esparza for Breach of Fiduciary Duty

- Plaintiffs reallege and incorporate herein by this reference paragraphs 58. 1 through 38, and 48 through 52 above as though fully set forth at this point.
- By agreeing to act as Plaintiffs' agent in attempting to sell the idea for 59. the Series and Goodbye Egghole to a production company or television network,

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Esparza assumed the role as Plaintiffs' agent. As set forth above, the scope of Esparza's agency was limited by Plaintiffs' statements that Esparza had no right to sell the Series without Plaintiffs' advice and consent. Accordingly, the scope of Esparza's agency was limited to presenting the Series in Goodbye Egghole to potential buyers and accepting offers for the Series. Esparza had no right to accept those offers on Plaintiffs' behalf.

By agreeing to act as Plaintiffs' agent as described above, Esparza 60. owed Plaintiffs a fiduciary duty and was required to act at all times in Plaintiffs' best interest.

- Esparza breached his fiduciary duties as Plaintiffs' agent by, among 61. other things, attempting to sell the Series and Goodbye Egghole without Plaintiffs' consent, producing a rip-off version of the Series and Goodbye Egghole for his own benefit, failing to account for and pay to Plaintiffs their rightful share of any income Esparza received from Sí TV, and by representing himself to be the creator and producer of "Circumsized Cinema."
- As a result of Esparza's breach of fiduciary duty, Plaintiffs have 62. suffered and will continue to suffer significant damages. Plaintiffs' damages include, without limitation, lost producer's fees, lost writers and director's fees, lost revenue from ancillary rights, the lost value of the producing and creating credit Plaintiffs should have received and other lost revenue. Plaintiffs are informed and believe, and thereon allege, that their damages exceed \$500,000.
- Esparza's conduct described above in breaching his fiduciary duties 63. was willful, wanton and in reckless disregard of Plaintiffs' rights. Esparza deliberately intended to injure Plaintiffs by taking what was rightfully theirs for

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himself and for his own benefit. Esparza's conduct in breaching his fiduciary duties is sufficiently egregious and malicious so as to justify an award of punitive damages to punish and deter such malicious conduct in the future.

#### FIFTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF

## By Plaintiffs Against all Defendants

## for Unjust Enrichment

- Plaintiffs reallege and incorporate herein by this reference paragraphs 64. 1 through 38 and 48 through 63 above as though fully set forth herein.
- Plaintiffs are informed and believe, and thereon allege, that Sí TV has 65. generated tens of millions of dollars in investment and advertising revenue as a result of its false representations of ownership of the Series. Specifically, Sí TV has promoted both the Series and "Circumsized Cinema" as its flagship show in attempting to generate investment and advertising revenue. Any and all compensation which Si TV has received and will receive from these efforts would be unjustly realized and should be disgorged to Plaintiffs.
- Plaintiffs are informed and believe, and thereon allege, that Esparza 66. has entered into agreements with Sí TV whereby Esparza is to receive significant compensation from Sí TV in connection with the development and/or production of "Circumsized Cinema," which is derived directly from the Series. Plaintiffs do not know the full extent of the compensation Esparza has received from his unauthorized taking of the idea for the Series. Any and all compensation which Esparza has received and will receive from these efforts would be unjustly realized and should be disgorged to Plaintiffs.

# MACHTINGER & KINSELLA LLP 1900 Avenue of the Stars, 21st Floor Los Anceles. Califonia 90067-4590

#### SIXTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF

## By Plaintiffs Against the Sí TV Defendants

## for Intentional Interference with Prospective Economic Advantage

- 67. Plaintiffs reallege and incorporate herein by this reference paragraphs 1 through 38 and 48 through 63 above as though fully set forth herein.
- 68. Plaintiffs are informed and believe, and thereon allege, that, at all relevant times, Sí TV was aware that Plaintiffs were attempting to sell the Series to other producers and television networks.
- 69. Plaintiffs are informed and believe, and thereon allege, that, with full knowledge of Plaintiffs' efforts to sell the Series elsewhere, Sí TV engaged in a pattern of falsely representing to the public that it was the owner of the Series when it knew it was not the owner. Moreover, Sí TV repeatedly represented that it intended to produce and air a show based on the Series even though it knew it did not have the right to do so.
- 70. As a result of these acts, Sí TV has destroyed Plaintiffs' ability to sell the Series to other producers or networks. In fact, all of the other networks with whom Plaintiffs were talking told Plaintiffs that they could not consider acquiring the Series until Sí TV's claimed ownership was resolved.
- 71. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that Sí TV's conduct, as described above, was not privileged and independently wrongful, by among other things, usurping that which does not belong to Sí TV by breaching the implied agreement that Sí TV would not take the Series and exploit it as its own.

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Plaintiffs are informed and believe, and thereon allege, that Sí TV's 72. intentional interference with Plaintiffs' prospective economic relationships with other producers and networks has damaged Plaintiffs in a sum not yet ascertained, but which Plaintiffs believe exceeds \$500,000. Plaintiffs' damages include, but are not limited to, lost producer's fees, lost director's and writer's fees, lost ancillary revenue and the lost value of the credit to which Plaintiffs should have been entitled.

Plaintiffs are informed and believe, and thereon allege, that Sí TV's 73. conduct, as described above, was malicious, fraudulent and oppressive. In particular, and without limitation, Sí TV knew at all times that it did not own the Series and had no right to take the Series as its own, yet is advertised to the world that it did own the Series and that the Series was to be the flagship of the new network. By these acts, Sí TV has knowingly and completely disregarded Plaintiffs' rights solely to benefit financially at the expense of Plaintiffs. As a result, and award of punitive and exemplary damages is necessary and appropriate to deter such conduct in the future.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs pray for judgment against defendants and each of them as follows:

For injunctive relief preventing defendants, their officers, agents, servants, employees, attorneys, and all other acting on their behalf, from directly or indirectly copying, reproducing, imitating, manufacturing, importing, delivering, selling, displaying, exploiting or otherwise making any unauthorized use of Tafoya and Henrickson's copyrights;

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	2.	For an order allowing the impounding and/or destruction of all
infrii	nging	articles as provided for in 17 U.S.C. §503;

- 3. For an award, pursuant to 17 U.S.C. §504, of Tafoya and Henrickson's actual damages and defendants' profits, in an amount to be proven at trial;
- 4. For an award of statutory damages, including enhanced damages for wilful infringement, if Tafoya and Henrickson so elect, as provided in 17 U.S.C. §504;
- 5. For Tafoya and Henrickson's attorney's fees in this action pursuant to 17 U.S.C. §505;
- 6. For damages in an amount to be determined by the Court, but believed to be in excess of \$500,000;
- 7. For disgorgement of any and all benefits obtained by Defendants from their wrongful conduct;
- 8. For punitive damages in an amount sufficient to deter Sí TV from engaging in this type of conduct in the future; and

GREENBERG GLUSKER FIELDS CLAMAN MACHTINGER & KINSELLA LLP

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